

Objectives of the National Strategy for Integrity and Anti-Corruption 2017-2025:

- Reinforce the National Code of Integrity, and establish integrity standards and principles that contribute to a national environment that upholds integrity and rejects corruption.
- 2. Create a national environment that is capable of fighting corruption, through raising the national awareness of the society, institutions, and the citizens.
- 3. Curb, and prevent corruption by taking proactive preventive measures to prevent its occurrence.
- Establish the enforcement of the law of "integrity 4. and fighting corruption" as an element of the rule of law.
- Reinforce current and future legislations, by 5. addressing any legal loopholes that may create corruption.
- Enhance partnerships with internal and external 6, stakeholders.

Enhance means of media and communication.

7.

Develop the institutional capabilities of the 8. Integrity and Anti- Corruptions Commission, and strengthen its performance.

Integrity and Anti-Corruption Commission

Amman/ Jordan - Arjan - Sports Street, next to the Directorate of Civil Defense/ Rescue and support med center

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- @jor_jiacc
- هيئة النزاهة ومكافحة الفساد 🔃

Reports and complaints

- **(2)** 06/5817827 06/5681365
- Mot Line / basic line : (0800222841)
- Hot Line: (0799333769)
- Hot Line/ complaints related to Investment: (0770452855)
- **9** 0797022236
- **a** 06/5503262
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Integrity and Anti-Corruption Commission

"Rule of law is meant to ensure that principles of justice, equality, transparency and accountability are upheld by all state institutions and community members, with no exception, especially officials in leading positions".

By His Majesty King Abdullah II Ibn Al-Hussein.





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Establishment:

The Commission has started its work on 15/6/2016 under the Integrity and Anti-Corruption Law no. 13 of 2016, and became the legal successor to both the Anti-Corruption Commission established in 2006, and the Ombudsman Bureau in 2008.

Vision:

"A national environment that upholds entigrity and rejects corruption"

Mission:

"Fighting all types of corruption, preventing their spreading, eliminating their effects, and preserving the national resources, by strengthening the National Code of Integrity, enhancing institutional and individual ethical behaviors, reinforcing principles of good Governance, rules of Law, transparency, accountability, justice, and equal opportunities, to create an anti-corruption national environment".

Objectives:

- Reinforce sound application of the Codes of Ethical Behaviors in the Public Administration and ensure its integration; ensure that public administration complies with the principles of good governance, standards of equality, merit, and equal opportunities; ensure that the private sector monitory institutions and the civil society institutions have developed good governance standards, and implement them in a sound manner.
- Address complaints and grievances in accordance with the provisions of the law; cooperate in the efforts for providing mutual international legal assistance in areas of fighting against corruption; investigate all forms of financial and administrative corruption; and combat character assassination.
- Compact nepotism and favoritism.

Corruption covered by the Commission's jurisdiction:

- Offences committed in breaching of job duties and offences committed in breaching of public trust, as stipulated in the Penal Code.
- Economic crimes, within the meaning ascribed to it in the Economic Crimes Law.
- Illicit Enrichment.
- Non-announcement or non- disclosure of investments, property, or benefits, that may lead to a conflict of interest, if these have been provided for in the laws and regulations, or would directly or indirectly benefit the person who refrain from declaring them.
- Any act or omission that leads to waste of public funds or funds of the public shareholding companies or the non-profit companies or associations.
- $\bullet\,$ Abuse of power in violation of the provisions of the law.
- Public employees' acceptance to acts of nepotism and favoritism, which revokes a right or validates what is void.
- Use of information available by virtue of public function, to achieve personal benefits.
- Corruption offenses specified in international conventions ratified by the Kingdom.

Protection of informants and witnesses:

The Commission provides the necessary protection for informants, witnesses, whistleblowers & experts, and their relatives, and persons affiliated to them, against any attack, retaliation or possible intimidation, may be committed against them.

Prevention of Corruption:

The commission seeks to prevent corruption before it occurs, by closing its sources; Isolating it; and reducing its effects through effective proactive action.

National Integrity Standards:

First: Rule of law, which requires having in place laws, regulations and instructions with clear provisions and mandates, and the application and enforcement of the law of justice and equality for all without discrimination.

Second: Accountability and liability, which require defining (legal, administrative, and financial) powers and duties of the officials and decision makers; determining conditions percentage of achievements and excellence, and the extent of support for government policies; and updating and strengthening codes of conduct in the public sector.

Third: Transparency, which requires documentation of information (decisions, procedures, and models) in accordance with the provisions of the legislation in force regarding confidentiality of information, classification of information, and publicity and clarity.

Fourth: Justice, equality and equal opportunities, which require quality of service, justice, equality, and equal opportunity among employees, service recipients, and suppliers of goods and services to the institutions.

Fifth: Good governance, which requires planning, organization, monitoring and evaluation, soundness of decisions and procedures, and optimal use of human and financial resources.